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DECREE NO. 32 ON THE PROTECTION OF THE VALUE OF TURKISH CURRENCY

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**PART I
GENERAL PRINCIPLES****Aim, Subject, Powers and Reserved Provisions**

Article 1 – (1) With the aim of protecting the value of Turkish Currency, this Decree determines and sets forth the regulatory and restrictive principles regarding the determination of the value of Turkish currency against foreign currencies, all transactions related to foreign exchange and instruments denominated in foreign exchange (including securities and other capital market instruments) as well as the use and management of foreign exchange, the importation and exportation of Turkish currency and instruments denominated in Turkish currency (including securities and other capital market instruments), the transactions related to precious metals, stones and articles, foreign exchange transactions in relation to imports, exports, special exports and imports, invisible transactions and capital movements.

(2) Regulations, communiqués and circulars are published by the Ministry in order to determine the procedures and principles for the implementation of this Decree. Violations of the Decree and regulations, communiqués, circulars to be issued for ensuring the implementation of this Decree shall be considered as a violation of Law No.1567 dated 20/2/1930 as well as its supplements and amendments.

(3) Special provisions contained in various laws and international agreements are reserved.

Definitions

Article 2 - In the implementation of this Decree, the following terms of reference shall apply:

- a) **Ministry:** The Ministry of Treasury and Finance.
- b) **Residents:** Real persons and legal entities who have a legal residence in Türkiye, including those who are employed, self-employed or owners of independent business abroad.
- c) **Non-residents:** Real persons and legal entities that are not considered as residents in Türkiye,

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English translation of this legislation is provided for informational purposes only. If there is any discrepancy between the Turkish version and the English translation, the Turkish version shall prevail. You should not rely upon this translation without receiving the confirmation of your counsel.

d) Travelers: Persons holding a valid passport or a similar document and arriving at the borders determined by the Ministry of Trade when entering into or departing from Türkiye,

e) Turkish currency: The money which is in circulation in Türkiye according to the laws of the Turkish Republic, or the money whose legal replacement period has not yet expired, even if withdrawn from circulation,

f) Instruments denominated in Turkish currency: All kinds of instruments and means enabling payments in Turkish currency, such as commercial and ordinary bills, letters of credit, credit cards, travelers' cheques, remittances and letters,

g) Foreign currency banknotes: Foreign exchange in the form of banknotes,

h) Foreign exchange: Foreign currency banknotes and all kinds of accounts, instruments and means of enabling payments in foreign currency,

i) Securities: All sorts of Turkish and foreign securities that are traded on capital and money markets (a certificate of participation for securities investment fund shall be considered as securities under this Decree),

j) Precious metals: Gold, silver, platinum and palladium of all kinds and in every form,

i) Standard unwrought gold: Gold bars or bullions, with a minimum purity of 995/1000, the qualities of which are determined by the Ministry,

ii) Non-standard unwrought gold: Gold bars, bullions, dore bars, granules, golds in the form of dust and scrap with a purity less than 995/1000 (except for 995/1000 purity),

iii) Wrought gold: Gold that is crafted into ornaments or jewelry,

iv) Standard unwrought silver: Silver bars, bullions or granules, with a minimum purity of 99.9/100, the qualities of which are determined by the Ministry,

v) Non-standard unwrought silver: Silver bars, bullions, dore bars, granules, silvers in the form of dust and scrap with a purity less than 99.9/100 (except for 99.9/100 purity),

vi) Wrought silver: Silver that is crafted into ornaments or jewelry,

vii) Standard unwrought platinum: Platinum bars or bullions, with a minimum purity of 99.95/100, the qualities of which are determined by the Ministry,

viii) Non-standard unwrought platinum: Platinum bars, bullions, dore bars, granules, platinum in the form of dust and scrap with a purity less than 99.95/100 (except for 99.95/100 purity),

ix) Wrought platinum: Platinum that is crafted into ornaments or jewelry,

x) Standard unwrought palladium: Palladium bars or bullions, with a minimum purity of 99.95/100, the qualities of which are determined by the Ministry,

xi) Non-standard unwrought palladium: Palladium bars, bullions, dore bars, granules, palladiums in the form of dust and scrap with a purity less than 99.95/100 (except for 99.95/100 purity),

xii) Wrought palladium: Palladium that is crafted into ornaments or jewelry,

xiii) Printed precious metal: Precious metals produced in shapes, weights and purities according to the procedures and principles of which will be determined by the Ministry, by pouring the molten precious metal into a mold in certain dimensions and marking with hand or press or marking the precious metal strips extracted from a plain precious metal strip in certain sizes by minting method,

xiv) Mint production precious metals: In accordance with subparagraph (b) of the first paragraph of Article 106 of the Presidential Decree No. 4, the Republic gold coins minted by the Mint, and the Republic jewelry gold and other precious metals produced by the Mint,

xv) Strip precious metals: Any precious metal of any purity obtained by drawing precious metal into a thin strip or cutting the strip into various shapes and weights.

k) Precious stones: Diamond, brilliant, ruby, emerald, topaz, sapphire, chrysolite and pearl,

l) Precious articles: Articles made of or containing precious metals or stones,

m) Central Bank: The Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye and its branches,

n) Banks: Deposit banks, participation banks and development and investment banks operating in Türkiye,

o) Authorized establishments: Joint stock companies licensed to perform foreign exchange transactions, as well as transactions related to precious metals, stones and articles within the framework of the principles and conditions set forth by the Ministry.

p) Capital Market Legislation: Capital Market Law dated 6/12/2012 and numbered 6362 and other legislation put into force based on this law,

r) PTT: Post and Telegraph Organization,

s) Other capital market instruments: Capital market instruments which are determined by the Capital Market Board excluding securities,

t) (REPEALED)

u) Precious metal brokerage institutions: Resident or non-resident legal persons in possession of a license to operate, pursuant to the legislation on the Precious Metals Exchange.

v) Intermediary institutions: The institutions which have taken permission certificates from the Capital Market Board for performing intermediary activities in accordance with the capital market legislation,

y) Foreign exchange earnings: The earnings obtained from exports, transit trade, sales and deliveries regarded as exports as set out under the applicable regulations, and also from the services and operations that bring in foreign exchange,

z) Loan balance: The outstanding payables for the total sum of the cash foreign-currency borrowing, obtained domestically or internationally,

aa) Mint: Ministry of Treasury and Finance General Directorate of Mint and Stamp Printing House.

bb) Refinery: Legal entities licensed by the Ministry to engage in precious metal refining activities in accordance with relevant legislation.

PART II PROVISIONS REGARDING TURKISH CURRENCY, FOREIGN EXCHANGE, PRECIOUS METALS, STONES AND ARTICLES

Turkish Currency

Article 3 – (1) a) Importation and exportation of Turkish currency and instruments denominated in Turkish currency shall be free,

b) Non-residents may freely make payments, collect money and make deposits in Turkish currency in Türkiye.

c) Banks shall inform the authorities to be determined by the Ministry about Turkish lira transfers abroad, excluding payments for exports, imports and invisible transactions that are above the equivalent of USD 50,000. -, within a 30 day-period starting from the date of transfer.

d) Extension of Turkish currency exceeding TL 185.000 abroad shall be carried out within the principles to be determined by the Ministry to be determined

Foreign Exchange

Article 4 – (1) a) Importation and exportation of foreign exchange to Türkiye is free.

- b)** Residents in Türkiye may freely keep foreign exchange; purchase foreign exchange from and sell foreign exchange to banks, authorized establishments, PTT, precious metal brokerage institutions and establishments abroad that are authorized to sell and buy foreign exchange; hold foreign exchange in their foreign exchange accounts with banks; use foreign currency banknotes and make deposits in banks in Türkiye and abroad.
- c)** Residents in Türkiye are allowed to accept payment in foreign currency from non-residents for the transactions that they conduct in Türkiye in favour of such non- residents.
- d)** Non-residents are allowed to purchase foreign exchange from banks, authorized establishments, PTT, precious metals brokerage institutions and intermediary institutions.

- e) Residents in Türkiye and non-residents may freely transfer foreign exchange abroad through banks. The Ministry is authorized to determine other establishments that are allowed to transfer foreign exchange abroad.

Banks shall inform the authorities to be determined by the Ministry about foreign exchange transfers abroad (including transfers made from foreign exchange deposit accounts), excluding payments for exports, imports and invisible transactions that are above USD 50.000,- or its equivalent in another foreign currency within a 30 day-period starting from the date of transfer.

- f) Expulsion of an effective amount exceeding EUR 10,000 or equivalent is carried out within the framework of the Ministry.
- g) Except the cases determined by the Ministry, contract value and other payment liabilities arising from the contracts regarding purchase and sale of any movables and immovables, rental of any movables and immovables including vehicles and financial leasing and employment, service and work contracts between the Residents in Türkiye shall not be determined in foreign currency or indexed to foreign currency.

Exchange Rates

Article 5 - (1) The value of foreign currencies against Turkish currency shall be determined within the framework of principles established by the Central Bank.

(2) Foreign exchange purchasing and selling transactions shall be conducted at the exchange rates valid on the date of transaction. The provisions of Article 6 and 8 are reserved.

(3) Foreign exchange purchase and sale documents related to settlement transactions shall be issued in the foreign exchange buying rates valid on the date of transaction.

Foreign Exchange Transactions

Article 6- (1) The principles to be applied for the purchasing and selling transactions regarding foreign currencies shall be determined by the Central Bank, Banks and other institutions which may be seen appropriate by the Ministry. The Central Bank determines convertible currencies for its operations it will use.

(2) (REPEALED)

(3) PTT, authorized establishments and precious metal brokerage institutions pursuant to the legislation of the Borsa İstanbul A.Ş. in markets operating in the Borsa İstanbul A.Ş., may freely buy and sell foreign currency banknotes

(4) Intermediary institutions may sell and buy foreign exchange only to and from their account-owner-customers, merely limited to the realization of their capital market activities.

(5) Banks, PTT, authorized establishments, precious metal brokerage institutions and intermediary institutions shall surrender their foreign exchange holdings to the Central Bank within the framework of the principles and ratios to be set out by the Ministry.

(6) Banks may make agreements of option and forward transactions on foreign exchange and precious metals.

(7) Buying and selling of all sorts of derivative instruments as specified by capital market legislation, including forward transactions and option contracts on foreign exchange and precious metals, shall be carried out by banks and brokerage agencies licensed by the Capital Market Board pursuant to capital market legislation.

(8) Buying and selling of all sorts of derivative instruments including forward transactions and option contracts from abroad, provided that funds is transferred through banks, shall be carried out by banks and brokerage agencies licensed by the Capital Market Board. Provided that no promotional, advertising, or marketing activities are carried out targeting persons residing in Türkiye, persons residing in Türkiye may, entirely at their own initiative, conduct derivative transactions with financial institutions based abroad and such transactions are not required to be conducted through banks and brokerage agencies. However, the transfer of funds related to such transactions shall be conducted through banks.

(9) Leveraged transactions and derivative transactions determined to be subject to the same provisions as the leveraged transactions can only be made by residents in Türkiye through institutions authorized by the Capital Markets Board. Persons other than institutions authorized by the Capital Market Board may not act as intermediaries in these transactions, and no transfers may be made abroad in connection with these transactions. Banks operating in accordance with Banking Law No. 5411 and payment and electronic money institutions operating in accordance with Law No. 6493 on Payment and Securities Settlement Systems, Payment Services, and Electronic Money Institutions shall take the necessary measures to prevent such transactions. In terms of taking measures, the Capital Market Board, the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, and the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye shall provide each other with any information within their respective jurisdictions, either directly or through the established system, upon request. In the event of the detection of transactions contrary to the provisions of this paragraph, the Ministry shall be notified.

(10) Central Bank is authorized make regulations on forward transactions on foreign exchange.

(11) Principles on the establishment and operations of the foreign exchange and banknotes markets within the Central Bank, as well as the participation procedures of banks therein shall be determined by the Central Bank.

Precious metals, stones and articles

Article 7 – (1) Precious metals, stones and articles may be freely exported from Türkiye under the principles of the Foreign Trade Regime.

(2) The import and export of standard and non-standard unprocessed precious metals is carried out on the following principles:

a) Import and export regimes, decrees and regulations are not applied for the import and export of standard and non-standard unprocessed precious metals; it is sufficient to submit a declaration to the customs administrations regarding the matter. However, in the case of a request of the relevant parties regarding the export of standard and non-standard unprocessed precious metals, Decree regarding the Exemption of Taxes, Duties and Fees in Exports, Sales and Deliveries Considered

as Exports, and Foreign Exchange Earning Services and Activities, which was put into effect with the Council of Ministers Decree dated 23/12/1999 and numbered 99/13812, Communiqué regarding (Export: 2017/4) on Export, Transit Trade, Sales and Deliveries Considered as Exports, and Tax, Duty and Fee Exemption in Foreign Exchange Earning Services and Activities, published in the Official Gazette dated 18/5/2017 and numbered 30070 and The Inward Processing Regime Decree, which was put into effect with the Council of Ministers Decree dated 17/1/2005 and numbered 2005/8391, and the regulations published based on these may be applied. The Ministry of Trade is authorized to examine and finalize these requests.

b) The import of standard and non-standard unprocessed precious metals is only made by the Central Bank and provided that provisions regarding their own legislation shall be reserved, precious metals brokerage institutions. Precious metals brokerage institutions are obliged to deliver the standard and non-standard unprocessed precious metals which they imported, to Borsa İstanbul A.Ş. within three work days.

c) Within the scope of the Inward Processing Regime Decree, the import of standard unprocessed precious metals is only made by the Central Bank and provided that provisions regarding their own legislation shall be reserved, precious metals brokerage institutions.

ç) Within the scope of the Inward Processing Regime Decree, non-standard unprocessed precious metals may be freely imported.

d) Concerning the import of unprocessed precious metals carried out by the precious metals brokerage institutions within the scope of the Inward Processing Regime Decree, there is no requirement for the standard and non-standard unprocessed precious metals to be delivered to Borsa İstanbul A.Ş., however, it is obligatory to give written information to the Exchange by the precious metals brokerage institution within three business days.

e) Standard and non-standard unprocessed precious metals from abroad can only be placed in customs warehouses on their own behalf and accounts by the Central Bank and provided that provisions regarding their own legislation shall be reserved, precious metals brokerage institutions. It is obligatory to give written information to the Exchange by the precious metals brokerage institution within three work days regarding placing unprocessed precious metals in customs warehouses. The Ministry is authorized to determine the exceptions regarding the placing of unprocessed precious metals from abroad in customs warehouses.

f) It is possible to bring standard and non-standard unprocessed precious metals from abroad to the free zone within the framework of the Free Zones Law No. 3218 dated 6/6/1985 and the relevant legislation. Those who bring unprocessed precious metals to the free zone from abroad must inform the Exchange in writing within three work days. However, it is possible to import unprocessed precious metals brought to the free zone from the free zone only by the Central Bank and provided that provisions regarding their own legislation shall be reserved, precious metals brokerage institutions, on their behalf and account.

(3) Import of processed precious metals, precious stones and goods into Türkiye is free within the framework of the Foreign Trade Regime.

(4) Precious metals, stones and commodities are traded domestically on the following principles:

a) Domestically, it is possible to trade standard unprocessed precious metals produced only by the

Mint, refineries authorized by the Ministry and refineries located abroad which are included in the Refineries List published by Borsa İstanbul A.Ş.

b) Provided that provisions regarding their own legislation domestically shall be reserved, only the banks, the refineries, precious metals brokerage institutions and authorized establishments that are allowed to operate by the Ministry, and jewelry businesses identified in and authorized with regards to the Regulation on the Jewelry Trade published in the Official Gazette dated 14/4/2021 and numbered 31454, may trade standard unprocessed precious metals and printed precious metals.

c) Non-standard unprocessed precious metals cannot be sold to real persons residing in Türkiye, except for jewelry businesses authorized by the Ministry of Trade.

ç) Only the printed precious metals produced by refineries authorized by the Ministry and by the Mint, may be traded domestically.

d) The sale of strip precious metals cannot be made to individuals residing in Türkiye, except for jewelry businesses authorized by the Ministry of Trade and individuals residing in Türkiye who are listed on the tax register as being engaged in the production or trade of precious metals.

e) Residents in Türkiye may freely trade standard unprocessed precious metals produced by the Mint, refineries authorized by the Ministry and refineries located abroad which are included in the Refineries List published by Borsa İstanbul A.Ş., only with the banks, refineries, precious metals brokerage institutions and authorized institutions authorized by the Ministry, and jewelry businesses authorized by the Ministry of Trade.

f) Residents in Türkiye may freely trade printed precious metals produced by the Mint and refineries authorized by the Ministry, only with the banks, refineries, precious metals brokerage institutions and authorized institutions authorized by the Ministry, and jewelry businesses authorized by the Ministry of Trade.

g) Processed and strip precious metals, precious stones and goods other than printed precious metals may be freely traded domestically.

ğ) The trading transactions regarding precious metals produced in all types and forms from ore in domestically are carried out in Exchange in accordance with the principles to be determined by the regulations to be issued by Borsa İstanbul A.Ş.

(5) Travelers are allowed to bring in and take out on their person non- commercial articles made of precious metals and stones as personal jewelry whose values do not exceed USD 15.000,- . Travelers may take out personal jewelry above this limit, on condition that they have made a declaration upon entry or authenticated that it has been purchased in Türkiye.

(6) Unwrought precious metals imported by the Central Bank and precious metal brokerage institutions shall only be traded on the Borsa İstanbul A.Ş.. Apart from those made into jewelry or ornament articles, the kinds of precious metals to be traded on the Borsa İstanbul A.Ş. and the methods of trading as well as the markets to be organized for this purpose shall be determined by the regulations to be issued by the Borsa İstanbul A.Ş..

(7) The Ministry is authorized to do so:

- a) Regulating the import of unprocessed and processed precious metals according to different payment methods,
- b) Identifying exemptions for the import of unprocessed precious metals,
- c) Arrangements for bringing standard unprocessed precious metals to the country along with passengers, if needed,
- ç) To determine the qualifications of the unprocessed precious metals that can be traded domestically, and to determine the exemptions regarding the domestic trading of the unprocessed and printed precious metals, and to take the necessary measures,
- d) To determine the conditions to be met by those who shall trade, import and export unprocessed precious metals and printed precious metals domestically, the principles regarding registry which they will be obliged to comply with, the notifications to be made to the Ministry, and the form and terms of these notifications,
- e) To determine the principles that those who will place unprocessed precious metals and printed precious metals from abroad in customs warehouses or bring them to free zones will be obliged to comply with, the notifications they will make to the Ministry, and the form and duration of these notifications,
- f) To determine other authorities authorized to act on the precious metal.
- g) To determine the characteristics of precious metals that can be bought and sold domestically, as well as the procedures, principles, and exceptions related to their domestic purchase and sale, and to take the necessary measures.

(8) Those engaged in the trading, import or export of precious metals are obliged to submit all kinds of information and documents requested by the Ministry to the Ministry in the requested form and time.

PART III FOREIGN TRADE

Export

Article 8- Export proceeds shall be freely disposed. The Ministry is authorized to make regulation related to the repatriation of the export proceeds, as may be required.

Import

Article 9- Foreign exchange and Turkish Liras transfers abroad related to importation and transit trade transactions shall be made through banks.

PART IV INVISIBLE TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that require foreign exchange payment

Article 10- The transfer of Turkish currency, the allocation and transfer of foreign exchange, and the sale of foreign banknotes related to international transportation, banking, insurance agency, services received from abroad and other invisible transactions shall be performed by banks in accordance with the procedures, principles and limits to be determined by the Central Bank.

Foreign exchange earning transactions

Article 11- Residents in Türkiye may freely dispose of their foreign exchange earnings stemming from all services (including contracting services) rendered in Türkiye or abroad to non-residents or on their behalf, as well as, foreign exchange obtained in return for expenses incurred on behalf of and for the account of non-residents.

PART V CAPITAL MOVEMENTS

Foreign capital to be imported to Türkiye

Article 12- (1) Foreign direct investments to Türkiye by foreign investors shall be realized in accordance with the Law No: 4875 on Foreign Direct Investments and the legislation put into force relating to this Law.

(2) Net profits, dividends, sale, liquidation and indemnity proceeds as well as the sums to be paid according to license, management and similar agreements, any of which stemming from the activities and operations of foreign investors in Türkiye, shall freely be transferred abroad through banks.

(3) Operation in accordance with the provisions of the Petroleum Law No: 6326 and transfer requests are subject to this Law and the legislation related to this Law.

Domestic Capital to be Exported from Türkiye

Article 13- (1) It is free for the residents in Türkiye to export cash capital through banks and in-kind capital within the framework of the provisions of customs legislation, for the purpose of establishing companies, participating in partnerships and opening branches in order to make investments or to conduct commercial activities abroad.

(2) Residents in Türkiye are allowed to establish liaison offices, representative and similar offices abroad and to transfer organizational and operational expenses through banks.

(3) Banks and customs authorities shall inform the Ministry and the Ministry of Trade

about residents in Türkiye who export capital for investment or commercial activities abroad within 30 days following the date of each transaction.

(4) The Ministry is authorized for the application of this article to determine the principles regarding the information and documents to be provided by residents and their submission periods.

Personal Capital Movements

Article 14-

a) The transfers abroad, as well as to Türkiye from abroad of personal capital movements of resident and non- resident real persons through banks are free. The scope of activities considered as a personal capital movement is determined by the Ministry.

b) The banks intermediating the personal capital movements transfers are obliged to provide the information requested through the paragraph (c) of Article 3 and the paragraph (e) of Article 4 of this Decree.

c) The requests for imports to be made by immigrants and refugees falling outside the scope of the Settlement Law and the customs legislation shall be concluded by the Ministry.

Securities

Article 15-

(1) There is no restriction for the importation and exportation of securities and other capital market instruments.

(2) The sale of capital market instruments abroad to be issued and/or offered to the public by legal entities residing in Türkiye, excluding public institutions and establishments, shall be free, provided that such instruments are registered with the Capital Market Board pursuant to capital market legislation.

(3) Non-residents may issue, offer to the public and sell securities and other capital market instruments within the framework of the provisions of capital market legislation.

(4) (i) Non-residents shall be allowed to purchase and sell all kinds of securities and other capital market instruments (including investment partnership and investment funds abroad) through banks and intermediary institutions that are authorized under the capital market legislation, and to transfer the revenues earned from such securities and instruments and their sale proceeds through banks and special finance houses.

(ii) Residents in Türkiye shall be free to purchase and sell securities and other capital market instruments traded on financial markets abroad, and to transfer their purchasing proceeds abroad through banks and the intermediary institutions authorized in accordance with capital market legislation.

(5) The purchase and sale of all types of derivative instruments, including futures and

options contracts, shall be carried out in accordance with the eighth paragraph of Article 6 of this Decree.

(6) Residents in Türkiye are permitted to buy and sell the leveraged transaction and derivatives determined to be subject to the same provisions as the leveraged transactions only through institutions authorized by the Capital Markets Board

(7) (REPEALED)

Immovables

Article 16- (1) Non-residents are allowed to transfer through banks the revenues and sale proceeds of immovable property and real rights thereon, purchased or owned by them.

(2) Residents are allowed to transfer through banks foreign exchange and Turkish currency abroad for the purpose of acquiring immovable property and the real rights thereon abroad.

Loans borrowed internationally

Article 17- (1) Any person, resident in Türkiye, shall be free to borrow loans in Turkish lira, internationally. Any such loans borrowed must be extended by means of the banks.

(2) Any person, resident in Türkiye, may borrow foreign-currency loans from any non-resident persons in accordance with the principles specified hereunder. Any such loans borrowed must be extended by means of the banks. The maturity of the prefinancing loans shall be determined by the Ministry.

(3) Any person, resident in Türkiye and which does not have any foreign exchange earnings, may not borrow any foreign-currency loan, internationally. However, the requirement for foreign exchange earnings shall not be sought in case of any of the below listed circumstances;

a) The foreign-currency loans to be utilized by the public enterprises and institutions, banks and the financial leasing companies, factoring companies and financing companies resident in Türkiye.

b) Any foreign-currency loan with a loan balance of 15 million USD or higher as of the date of extension and which will be extended to any person, resident in Türkiye.

c) The foreign-currency loans to be extended to any person which is resident in Türkiye and which will borrow such loans as part of an investment incentive certificate, and the foreign-currency loans to be utilized for financing of the machinery and equipment (excluding the used ones and the components, parts, accessories and appurtenances thereof) included in the customs tariff statistics positions as listed as the 17th on the list, numbered (I) and attached to the Decree on Determination of the Value Added Tax Rates To Be Applied For the Goods and Services, entered in force by the Decree, dated 24/12/2007 and numbered 2007/13033, of the Council of Ministers.

ç) The foreign currency-loans to be utilized by the persons resident in Türkiye, which

have won the respective tender in respect of the activities regarding the domestic tenders that are announced internationally, and by the persons resident in Türkiye, which have undertaken the defense projects as approved by the Presidency for Defense Industries.

d) The foreign currency-loans to be utilized by the persons resident in Türkiye which are commissioned to carry out the projects to be implemented as part of the public-private sector cooperation model.

e) The foreign-currency loans to be utilized by the persons resident in Türkiye, which do not have any foreign exchange earnings within the last three fiscal years, in a manner that would not exceed the total sum of the probable foreign exchange earnings, authenticated by them, to the extent that such persons shall have authenticated their connections with respect to the exports, transit trade, sales and deliveries regarded as exports and the services and operations that would bring in foreign exchange, as well as their probable foreign exchange earnings.

f) The foreign-currency loans to be utilized by the persons resident in Türkiye in accordance with the principles to be determined by the Ministry.

(4) In respect of the foreign-currency loans to be borrowed internationally by the persons which are resident in Türkiye and have foreign exchange earnings;

a) in the event that the borrower's loan balance is less than 15 million USD as of the date of the extension, then the total sum of the amount of the loan wished to be utilized and the then loan balance may not exceed the total amount of the foreign exchange earnings obtained during the last three fiscal years.

b) Any negotiating bank shall be obliged to check that the loans are in accordance with the sub-paragraph (a) hereof.

c) in the event that it is subsequently determined that the balance of any loan extended by the international branches of the banks, financial leasing companies, factoring companies and financing companies (including the off-shore branches of the banks, but excluding the branches in the free zones) exceeds the total amount of the foreign exchange earnings of the last three fiscal years, then the portion of such extended loan, which gives rise to such excess, shall be either recalled or turned into a loan in Turkish Lira.

(5) The provisions prescribed under the fourth paragraph shall not apply to the foreign currency loans that would be utilized by the persons, which are resident in Türkiye and which have foreign exchange earnings, in case of any of the circumstances as listed under the third paragraph hereof.

(6) Any real person, resident in Türkiye, may not borrow any foreign-currency loan, internationally.

(7) Any person, resident in Türkiye, may not borrow any foreign exchange loan, internationally.

(8) Without any prejudice to the applicable statutory provisions, any bank, financial leasing company, factoring company and financing company may freely obtain loans, internationally, in accordance with its own practices.

(9) In order for ensuring that the External Financing Number (EFN) is obtained within a period of 30 days following the date of the respective agreement, the agreements with respect to the loans with a maturity longer than one year (365 days), other than the deferred payment terms for imports, borrowed internationally by the metropolitan municipalities, municipalities and the organizations affiliated therewith and such other local administration agencies, public economic enterprises and their affiliates, the organizations the shareholding of which is owned by the public authorities by more than 50%, the foundation universities, the funds, the special or autonomous budgeted public institutions and the organizations that are of the nature of a public institution with administrative autonomy, the investment and development banks (under the guarantee of the Treasury), and the organizations the payment obligations of which are guaranteed under the projects projected to be implemented as per build-operate-transfer, build-operate and transfer of operating rights and such other similar financing models, are required to be sent to the Ministry.

(10) The principles and procedures with respect to the external financing facilities, which are obtained in the capacity of borrower, as per the agreements executed with the foreign countries, the associations established by the states, the international and regional organizations, and the investment banks operating at the international capital and finance markets, and the organizations providing supplier's or buyer's loans, and the respective companies, and which are allocated to the general and mixed budgeted institutions and extended to the organizations and institutions other than such general and mixed budgeted institutions and organizations by means of transfer and lending/loan agreements by the Ministry for the Government of the Republic of Türkiye, and also with respect to monitoring of any utilization from the above mentioned loans, shall be determined by the Ministry.

(11) The procedures with respect to monitoring of the loans with a maturity longer than one year (365 days) borrowed internationally by the persons resident in Türkiye, other than the public organizations and institutions as specified under the ninth and the tenth paragraphs herein above, and also the loans with a maturity shorter than one year and borrowed internationally by the persons resident in Türkiye, shall be determined by the Central Bank in accordance with the principles determined by the Ministry.

(12) The principal repayments for the loans borrowed internationally and the transfers for the interest and such other payments shall be made through the banks.

Loans borrowed domestically

Article 17/A- (1) The persons resident in Türkiye may freely issue commodity loans as per the import and export regimes.

(2) The Banks and the financial leasing companies, factoring companies and financing companies resident in Türkiye may extend foreign currency loans to the persons resident in Türkiye in accordance with the principles specified hereunder.

(3) Any person, resident in Türkiye and which does not have any foreign exchange earnings, may not borrow any foreign-currency loan, domestically. However, the requirement for foreign exchange earnings shall not be sought in case of any of the below listed circumstances;

a) The foreign-currency loans to be utilized by the public enterprises and institutions, banks and the financial leasing companies, factoring companies and financing companies

resident in Türkiye.

b) Any foreign-currency loan with a loan balance of 15 million USD or higher as of the date of extension and which will be extended to any person, resident in Türkiye.

c) The foreign-currency loans to be extended to any person which is resident in Türkiye and which will borrow such loans as part of an investment incentive certificate, and the foreign-currency loans to be utilized for financing of the machinery and equipment (excluding the used ones and the components, parts, accessories and appurtenances thereof) included in the customs tariff statistics positions as listed as the 17th on the list, numbered (I) and attached to the Decree on Determination of the Value Added Tax Rates To Be Applied For the Goods and Services.

ç) The foreign currency-loans to be utilized by the persons resident in Türkiye, which have won the respective tender in respect of the activities regarding the domestic tenders that are announced internationally, and by the persons resident in Türkiye, which have undertaken the defense projects as approved by the Ministry for Defense Industries.

d) The foreign-currency loans to be utilized to the persons resident in Türkiye to the extent that it shall not exceed the amount of the foreign currency, kept as collateral at the branches of the banks in Türkiye, and/or the amount of the securities in foreign currencies issued by the central administrations of the Organization for Economic, Cooperation and Development (OECD) member states and by the central banks or upon the surety thereof.

e) The foreign currency-loans to be utilized by the persons resident in Türkiye which are commissioned to carry out the projects to be implemented as part of the public-private sector cooperation model.

f) The foreign-currency loans to be utilized by the persons resident in Türkiye, which do not have any foreign exchange earnings within the last three fiscal years, in a manner that would not exceed the total sum of the probable foreign exchange earnings, authenticated by them, to the extent that such persons shall have authenticated their connections with respect to the exports, transit trade, sales and deliveries regarded as exports and the services and operations that would bring in foreign exchange, as well as their probable foreign exchange earnings.

g) The financial leasing transactions performed, as based on foreign currencies, for procurement of the machinery and equipment (excluding the used ones and the components, parts, accessories and appurtenances thereof) included in the customs tariff statistics positions as listed as the 17th on the list, numbered (I) and attached to the Decree on Determination of the Value Added Tax Rates to Be Applied for the Goods and Services.

ğ) The foreign-currency loans to be utilized by the persons resident in Türkiye in accordance with the principles to be determined by the Ministry.

(4) In respect of the foreign-currency loans to be borrowed domestically by the persons which are resident in Türkiye and have foreign exchange earnings;

a) in the event that the borrower's loan balance is less than 15 million USD as of the date of the extension, then the total sum of the amount of the loan wished to be utilized and the then loan balance may not exceed the total amount of the foreign exchange earnings obtained

during the last three fiscal years.

b) The banks and also the financial leasing companies, factoring companies and financing companies resident in Türkiye shall be obliged to check that the loans, extended by them, are in accordance with the sub-paragraph (a) hereof.

c) in the event that it is subsequently determined that the balance of the loan exceeds the total amount of the foreign exchange earnings of the last three fiscal years, then the portion of such loan utilized domestically from the banks (including free zone branches), financial leasing companies, factoring companies and financing companies, which gives rise to such excess, shall be either recalled or turned into a loan in Turkish Lira.

(5) The provisions prescribed under the fourth paragraph shall not apply to the foreign currency loans that would be utilized by the persons, which are resident in Türkiye and which have foreign exchange earnings, in case of any of the circumstances as listed under the third paragraph hereof.

(6) Any real person, resident in Türkiye, may not borrow any foreign-currency loan, domestically.

(7) No foreign exchange loan may be extended to the persons resident in Türkiye.

(8) Without any prejudice to the statutory provisions, the banks and also the financial leasing companies, factoring companies and financing companies resident in Türkiye may issue foreign currency loans, without any limitation in terms of the maturity, either directly or by participating in international syndication, as per their own practices.

(9) The banks and the financial companies, factoring companies, financing companies resident in Türkiye and also such other persons to be designated by the Ministry may freely issue loans, in any foreign currency or Turkish Lira, to the non-resident persons.

(10) The amounts with respect to the financial leasing transactions, to be entered into by and between the financial leasing companies resident in Türkiye and the legal persons resident in Türkiye or the non-resident persons, may be determined on the basis of any foreign currency, provided that any such transaction shall not contravene the provisions prescribed hereunder. The amounts with respect to the financial leasing transactions, as determined on the basis of any foreign currency, shall be included in the calculation of the loan balance.

(11) The implementing procedures with respect to the foreign-currency loans borrowed domestically, shall be determined by the Central Bank in accordance with the principles determined by the Ministry.

Non-cash credits, guarantees and sureties

Article 18- **(1)** Residents in Türkiye may freely obtain non-cash credits, guaranties, and sureties, and issue letters of guarantee and guarantees and sureties drawn on non- residents in favor of residents and non-residents.

(2) Banks may freely issue letters of guarantee, guarantees and sureties denominated in foreign exchange drawn on residents in Türkiye in favor of non- residents, and drawn on residents

in Türkiye in favor of residents in Türkiye related to international tenders to be held in Türkiye.

(3) It is free for the credit institutions functioning in the country and abroad to establish immovable property mortgages (including ship mortgages) in foreign exchange for guaranteeing the credits to be obtained in foreign exchange or measured in foreign exchange.

(4) It is permissible for borrowers' group companies residing in Türkiye or by their real or legal person partners who directly the borrowers' shares to provide guarantees and sureties in foreign currency or precious metals, addressed to banks and financial institutions residing in Türkiye, for the security of loans denominated in foreign currency or precious metals borrowed by Turkish residents within Türkiye.

(5) Banks shall inform the Ministry about the amounts claimed for payment and transferred abroad for the liquidation of guarantees, warranties and sureties within 30 days of the date of transfer, and residents in Türkiye, except banks, shall inform the Ministry about guarantees and sureties they have issued in favor of non-residents within 30 days from the date of issue.

Foreign Exchange Accounts and Gold Deposit Accounts

Article 19- (1) The Central Bank and banks may open foreign exchange and precious metals deposit accounts on behalf of residents and non-residents. Account holders may freely use such accounts. The interest payable on such accounts may be freely set between the bank and the account holder. Transfers of principals and interests, as well as restitution of precious metals shall be met by banks from their resources.

(2) Positive and negative exchange rate differences arising from these accounts shall be borne by the related parties.

(3) Trading transactions carried out without physical delivery in precious metal deposit accounts are considered foreign exchange transactions.

PART VI PROCEDURES AND JOINT PROVISIONS

Power

Article 20- (1) The Ministry shall be empowered to take all measures it may deem necessary in order to ensure the application of this Decree and to protect the value of the Turkish currency, to examine and conclude special cases other than those specified in the Decree, to extend the time allowed for bringing foreign exchange into the country in the cases of justified reasons and force majeure and to revoke, partly or wholly, the obligation of bringing foreign exchange into the country, as well as to change any amounts or reinstitute amounts stipulated in the Decree.

(2) The Ministry is authorized to request all kinds of information and documents related to the application of this Decree from the real and legal persons to be submitted in the forms and periods stipulated by the Ministry.

Control

Article 21- Those persons who are found during the controls realized by personnel authorized to execute foreign exchange controls and/or exchange offices (foreign exchange control authorities) to have acted against the provisions of the Decree hereby while carrying out the transactions specified in the Decree shall be subject to the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Law about the reporting and the right of search.

Governmental departments and institutions as well as real persons and legal entities in Türkiye (excluding those deemed exempt under special laws and agreements) shall be obliged to provide the information requested in writing by the foreign exchange control authorities mentioned above and show them the records and books for inspection of the transactions covered by this Decree. The Ministry shall be entitled to stop the activities of such persons partly or wholly, temporarily or permanently, or to take subsequent transactions under guarantee, to record such guarantees as revenue to the Treasury when needed, partly or wholly, or to cancel the guarantees in the cases of just causes and force majeure.

Banks, authorized establishments, precious metal brokerage institutions and all other related institutions shall be obliged to provide all statistical information requested by the Central Bank on foreign exchange transactions within specified periods. The Central Bank shall be authorized to scrutinize these matters in such institutions.

The power of banks, authorized establishments, PTT, precious metal brokerage institutions and intermediary institutions to act as intermediary in foreign exchange transactions may be annulled by the Ministry, partially or wholly, in the event that they act against foreign exchange legislation or, they fail to fulfill their obligations stipulated by the Decree hereby.

Periods

Article 22- The day on which the transaction is concluded shall not be taken into account in the calculation of the periods which are giving rise to a right and resulting in deprivation of rights, and whose noncompliance is deemed as a violation of the law, specified in this Decree and the decrees to be published as supplements thereto, and the related communiqués.

However, in case the last day of the periods to be calculated overlaps with an official holiday, the periods shall expire at the end of the working hours of the first working day following the official holiday.

Foreign exchange purchase and sale documents and Turkish currency transfer documents

Article 23- Banks, authorized establishments, PTT, precious metals brokerage institutions and intermediary institutions shall issue foreign exchange purchase and sale documents and Turkish currency transfer documents during the transactions made pursuant to this Decree, and the principles and procedures relating to these documents shall be specified by the Central Bank.

PART VII
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Article 24- The provisions of Law No. 6183 on Collection of the Claims of the State shall be applicable with regard to the claims to be collected under this Decree and the decrees and communiqués currently in force regarding the protection of the value of the Turkish currency and the legislation relating to the liquidation of external credits.

Article 25- Decree No. 30 relating to the Protection of the Value of the Turkish Currency and its supplementary decrees have been abolished.

Supplementary Decrees No. 7/18015 and No. 8/911 of Decree No. 17 on the Protection of the Value of the Turkish Currency and the related supplementary decrees and communiqués are still in force. With respect to the said Decrees, among the amounts held at the accounts at Central Bank of Türkiye, foreign currency amounts are transferred directly and Turkish Lira amounts are transferred as foreign currency by converting to foreign currency through the exchange rate of 1 USD = 21,86 TRY converted as per the conversion rate stated in article 2 of the Law No. 5083 dated 28/1/2004, to the accounts of the Treasury within sixty days after this article enters into force.

Article 26- (REPEALED)

Additional Article 1 – (1) Tax Office Presidencies and Tax Office Directorates shall execute the duties that will be determined by the Ministry within the scope of execution of this Decree.

Transitory Article 1- (1) The transactions started according to the provisions of the abolished decrees shall be subject to the provisions of the relevant decree. However, the provisions of this Decree that are in favor of the interested parties shall apply, unless otherwise stated.

(2) All prosecutions initiated before the entrance into force of this Decree due to acts contrary to the Decree and communiqués published pursuant to Law No. 1567, but not contrary to this Decree, shall be stopped and withdrawn.

(3) Issues that may arise in relation to the abolished legislation shall be settled by the Ministry.

Transitory Article 2- (1) Banks, authorized establishments and precious metal brokerage institutions, which have wholly fulfilled their foreign exchange obligations to the Central Bank, shall be allowed to buy and sell gold against foreign exchange and Turkish lira at the foreign exchange and banknote markets established with the Central Bank, under the principles to be set forth by the Central Bank until the Istanbul Gold Exchange starts operation, provided that they fulfill other conditions stipulated by the Central Bank.

Transitory Article 3- (1) The maturity of the loans which fall due after the publication of this Decree, shall be deemed as 18 months.

Transitory Article 4- (1) Submission of the documents and information of the record and registry to the Debt Registry held by the Ministry, utilization of loan and repayment of the loans with a maturity of more than one year (365 days) borrowed internationally by Residents in Türkiye, except the ones stated in second thirds subparagraphs of paragraph (a) of article 17 of the Decree No. 32 On The Protection Of The Value Of Turkish Currency as amended with 1st article of this Decree, to the Ministry may be ceased as of 1 October 2001 and existing documents and information may be assigned to the Central Bank with a protocol.

Transitory Article 5- (1) Any foreign-currency loan, which is outstanding as of the date of entry in force hereof and the loan balance of which is less than 15 million USD and which is borrowed, either domestically or internationally, by any person resident in Türkiye, shall not be renewed as a foreign-currency loan in any manner whatsoever, except for those that fall under the third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Article 17 and the third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Article 17/A.

Transitory Article 6- (1) Any foreign exchange loan that is outstanding as of the date of entry in force hereof shall not be renewed as a foreign exchange loan in any manner whatsoever or as a foreign-currency loan in any manner whatsoever, except for those that fall under the third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Article 17 hereof and the third, fourth and fifth paragraphs of Article 17/A hereof.

Transitory Article 7- (1) Any foreign-currency loan and foreign exchange loan, which has been extended before the date of entry in force hereof, shall be included in the calculation of the loan balance.

Transitory Article 8- (1) Within thirty days after the paragraph (g) of article 4 of this Decree enters into force, the amounts agreed in foreign currency in the agreements stated in the said paragraph and which are signed previously and in force, except the cases determined by the Ministry, shall be redetermined by the parties in Turkish Lira.

Transitory Article 9- (1) Standard unprocessed precious metals and printed precious metals that cannot be traded domestically within the scope of Article 7, can be purchased by the Mint, precious metals brokerage institutions, refineries and jewelery businesses from the effective date of this article until 31/12/2023. After 31/12/2023, the mentioned precious metals can only be bought by the Mint.

Article 27- The Decree shall come into force on the date of its publication.

Execution

Article 28- The Decree shall be executed by the Minister of Treasury and Finance is attached.

List Regarding the Amendments to the Decree

OFFICIAL GAZETTE	
DATE	EDITION
25/2/1990	20444
20/6/1991	20907
21/3/1993	21531
21/12/1994	22148
10/6/1997	23015
31/12/1998	23570
19/8/1999	23791
28/8/2001	24507
2/7/2003	25156
27/8/2004	25566
31/12/2004	25687
28/3/2006	26122
30/12/2006	26392
8/2/2008	26781
10/3/2009	27165
16/6/2009	27260
17/11/2011	28115
6/5/2012	28284
13/12/2012	28496
11/06/2015	29383
03/07/2017	30113
25/01/2018	30312
31/08/2018	30521
13/09/2018	30534
03/03/2020	31057
19/02/2021	31400
23/02/2023	32113
15/03/2025	32842
09/07/2025	32951